

THE CATHOLIC CONGRESS

ARCHBISHOP CORRIAN OF NEW YORK GIVEN AN OVATION.

He Makes a Splendid Address—Several Papers Read and Speeches Made—Archbishop Ireland Talks.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, was the distinguished guest at the Catholic Congress to-day, and upon his arrival, during the morning session, he was tendered a spontaneous ovation. He made his way from the entrance through the crowded hall to the platform, and, with the manner of a finished actor, thanked his hearers for the hearty reception they had given him. The Archbishop, with the remark that the time of the congress might be better utilized in the hearing of valuable papers than in listening to a speech from him, took occasion to say a few words on the sublime faith which upheld Columbus through all his trials that preceded his discovery of America. Columbus was a religious enthusiast of the best sort. It was this religious enthusiasm, he said, which enabled him to hold his own when the world looked on him with scorn and derision. It was this faith which enabled him to triumph over every obstacle. He thought a well-deserved tribute should also be paid to Queen Isabella of Spain, whose religious zeal in a large measure, ensured the success of the discoverer's enterprise. Although a woman, she parted with things a woman most dearly prized—her jewels—to further the schemes of her great explorer. The Archbishop's brief address was liberally applauded. Some time was consumed in receiving the reports of the committees, after which the reading of papers on the school question was continued.

At the evening session of the congress, Columbus Hall was crowded to its utmost. The feature of the evening was an oration by Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, on "Patriotism and Liberty." He contended that Catholics should be more patriotic than their fellow citizens so that they might show the whole country that the lessons of the faith were impressed upon their hearts. He said that the Catholics of the United States were safer in their hands than in those of any other. They should take the gospel in one hand, and the Constitution of the United States in the other, and show by their lives that they were the upholders of both.

"The American nation was to-day in its infancy and inspirations Catholic. Catholic laymen had been too quiet in the past; they could not afford to remain to Heaven in security unless they extend both hands to humanity."

Rev. Patrick Cronin, editor of the Catholic Union and Times, of Buffalo, followed Archbishop Ireland with an interesting address on the growth and progress of the Catholic church in America.

W. P. Brown, of Fort Wayne, followed Cronin in an address on the "Influence of Social Life in Church Progress."

JUDGESHIP CANDIDATES.

Judge Brooks Wants to Get on the Supreme Bench—Other Aspirants.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 6.—Special.—It was stated today by the friends of Judge J. Tucker Brooks that he will not be a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge of the Supreme Court. Judge Brooks, one of the ablest lawyers of this city, is also a candidate for the Supreme Court.

The next legal aspirant asked to divide the court of Norfolk which pays \$4,000 a year, is Judge J. H. Chancy, who is a candidate for the Supreme Court. Judge Chancy will accept the Chancy court judgeship if it is offered to him without opposition. Mr. Thomas H. Walker would like to be Judge of the Criminal Court.

Mr. R. W. Mallett will not be a candidate for re-election to the Legislature, but wants to be Commonwealth Attorney. Mr. Mallett will be the politics of this city at present is full of all kinds of wheels. Candidates for the House of Delegates are hatching out fast, there will be a half dozen in the field by the end of the week.

A Desperado's Barling Deed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 6.—Andy Johnson, the famous desperado, who joined the church and was thought to have reformed, is again in the headlines. Advice from John's Station, Rockcastle county, says Johnson went to that place Monday accompanied by several of his followers, poured oil over the building and set it on fire. Johnson and his followers watched the fire until every vestige of it was consumed.

Taken Convicts From the Mines.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 6.—Yesterday the State Board of Convicts Commissioners met and decided to purchase twenty acres of land near the present penitentiary and erect several factories to be operated by the state's convicts. This is the first move made by the board to provide for the removal of the convicts from the mines.

Ex-Governor Foster's Affairs.

BUOYRUS, O., Sept. 6.—The statement of the personal affairs of Hon. Chas. Foster, ex-Governor of Ohio and ex-Secretary of the Treasury, was filed by the assignee, J. H. Gormley, today. The report showed total assets \$2,234,100, liabilities \$1,314,300. The liabilities are: \$75,000 bank overdrafts on Foster & Company's bank, \$135,000.

Bills Announced.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The Indian Council today announced bills to the amount of 40,000,000 rupees. The highest tender was 153-16 pence. No allotment was made and the same amount will be offered by the Council again on next Wednesday.

Stolen Goods.

Captain Pleasant has two watches at the First Police Station which were put off an electric car, Monday, by the conductor, who was requested to take the car to the police station. The car was found at the corner of Seventh and Marshall the negro jumped off and said he had to go to Murphy's Hotel, telling the conductor to put off the car at the corner of the Seventeenth and Franklin. On the arrival of the car at that point the watches were put off, and as no owner appeared for them they were turned over to Officer Parkinson. The watches were no doubt stolen, as they appear to contain merchandise and the owner can get them by calling for them.

Sent on to Newport News.

A circular letter to the public in Newport News, signed by John A. Williamson, police officer, is creating a considerable sensation in that city. The police officer takes this means to use some strong language detrimental to Dr. A. C. Jones and C. D. Bailey, health officers of Newport News, whom he attacks violently, saying they are incapable of filling their positions. His denunciation is couched in very abusive language.

Recovered the Ring.

Captain J. F. Sullivan, of this city, yesterday recovered a ring which was given to his fiancée, Miss Maggie L. Slater, of Henric, on December 21, 1863. The ring was lost on Rappahannock river, where it had been placed in the box entered by the woman, who opened it. In the absence of witnesses, the case was continued.

Democratic Appointments.

The following additional appointments are announced:

For Colonel Charles T. O'Connell, Providence Forge, New Kent, Saturday, September 16th, 1893; Belford City, Monday, September 23rd; Lancaster C. H., Wednesday, September 27th; Mounts, Thursday, September 28th; Tappahannock, Friday, September 29th; Dragoon Ordinary, Gloucester county, Saturday, September 30th.

H. D. Flood, Buckingham C. H., Monday, September 11th.

Henry W. Plourney—Bowling Green, Caroline county, Monday, September 11th.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Interesting Facts About Richmond's Citizens and Other Matters.

Miss Alice Peck has returned from Appomattox county.

Mrs. R. T. Alvey and Mrs. Orange Bennett have gone to Asheville, N. C. to spend the winter.

Messrs E. S. Hazen, Geo. F. Schoen and Hope Gilman will leave today via C. and O. for the World's Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Duke have spent three weeks visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. J. B. Elam, wife, and daughter left yesterday for a lengthy visit to the World's Fair.

Mr. H. W. Cotterell, of Church Hill, has returned to the city from a trip to the Windy City.

City Treasurer John K. Childrey, up to last evening, said \$74,000 worth of the new 6 per cent. \$10 and \$5 bonds.

Mrs. John M. Lewis, of No. 1109 Chaffin street, left yesterday for Albemarle county to visit relatives.

Miss Ida Leckie, of Lynchburg, is on a visit to Mrs. W. C. Wells, 617 North Twenty-sixth street.

Dr. Knight left yesterday evening for the World's Fair and Niagara Falls. He will be gone ten days.

Mr. John H. Overby, of the Auditor's office, has returned to his work after a pleasant sojourn of several weeks at Charlottesville.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of Pickett Camp met this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. A full attendance of the members is desired.

Mrs. James B. Anderson and family, of 210 West Clay street, returned to the city yesterday, after a pleasant visit to Madison and Orange counties.

Two sons of Mr. James B. Lacy, a son of Mr. John Mann, Jr., and a son of Mr. Rider left Tuesday for Winston, N. C., to attend a military school.

Mr. Richard P. Riddick and wife, who have been visiting friends and relatives in this city, will return to Washington today.

Mrs. J. T. Bailey and boys have returned home, after a pleasant visit of several weeks with friends in Orange county and Gordonsville.

Mrs. H. J. Callisher and daughter, formerly of this city, but now residing in New York, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rinsberg, No. 702 east Clay street.

In a game of base ball yesterday afternoon on the Lee Monument field between the Brooke Avenue Sluggers and the White Stars, the former were victorious by a score of 12 to 7.

Misses Lula and Ella Dunston, of south Belvidere street, and Miss Bessie Lee, of south Pine street, have returned from Norfolk, where they have been spending the summer.

Misses Frances L. Crouch, Lucy L. Temple and Mamie Harrison left yesterday on an extended Northern tour. They will be ten days in the Windy City, returning by Niagara and New York.

The vehicle of Mr. S. R. Ginn, while driving up Broad street Tuesday evening, struck a heavy truck wagon at the corner of Madison street, damaging the vehicle, and throwing him out. No personal injury was sustained.

The Ladies Auxiliary of Lee Camp met yesterday afternoon at Lee Camp Hall and transacted the usual amount of routine business. The ladies are very anxious to increase their membership in order to do more effective work.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Richmond & West Point Terminal Railway and Warehouse Company will be held at the office of the company today at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of electing a board of directors.

Mr. Arthur Anderson and sister, Miss Ida, have returned after a pleasant visit of ten days to friends in Charlotte county. Messrs J. Linwood and Hugh Antrim have returned from an extended trip to Chicago, Niagara, Montreal, and New York.

Miss Anna Burton, of Hartford, Conn., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Stanley Elder on her way to the Washington Fair. She will leave to-day, accompanied by Mrs. Edgar and her son and daughter, Stanley and Lillian, who will make an extended tour of the West, North and East, returning to Richmond about November 1st.

There will be a match race trotted at Slattery's track, on Mechanicsville Turnpike, near the Washington Fair, on Wednesday, September 13th. Not an electric expected for the match is between two well-known trotters and their owners are popular turfmen.

The Boiler Exploded.

At 1 o'clock this morning Richmond was shrouded in darkness. Not an electric light could be found in the whole city. Newspaper offices and other places where work is carried on at night were suddenly thrown into confusion by the entire absence of light. The cause of the trouble was the explosion of the big steam boiler in the light house on Johnson's Island of the Richmond Railway and Electric Company. No one was hurt when the explosion occurred, and the damage to the electric works was probably small.

The company showed commendable enterprise in shifting the belts to another engine in a very short time, and in less than half an hour about two-thirds of the city lights were again burning.

Grand Chief Templars Visit.

Official visits are being paid the Good Templar lodges of this city by the Grand Chief Templar, J. B. Newton, and Grand Superintendent of Juvenile Templars, Mrs. Woodhouse, both of Staunton. They will visit Jefferson Lodge to-night at the corner of Venable and Mosby streets.

Members of sister lodges are invited to be present in full regalia.

City Circuit Court.

The following cases were instituted in the City Circuit Court yesterday:

Walter D. Moses & Co. vs. Julia Morris, \$175.00.

John F. Powers vs. The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, \$300.00.

H. H. Clouse vs. A. M. Rount, \$150.00.

H. D. Godlin vs. A. C. Wile & T. P. Turner & H. C. Thornbury, \$201.10.

For Opening a Letter.

A negro woman, was before United States Commissioner F. J. Penhizer yesterday, on the charge of stealing a letter addressed to Robert Brown, from the Manchester post-office. There was nothing of value in the letter, which had been placed in the box entered by the woman, who opened it. In the absence of witnesses, the case was continued.

Recovered the Ring.

Captain J. F. Sullivan, of this city, yesterday recovered a ring which was given to his fiancée, Miss Maggie L. Slater, of Henric, on December 21, 1863. The ring was lost on Rappahannock river, where it had been placed in the box entered by the woman, who opened it. In the absence of witnesses, the case was continued.

Grandfather Thunder's Family.

The old man had three sons—one named M'Jesse. He is the baby and is very fierce and cruel. It is he who slays men and beasts and destroys property. The other two are kind and gentle. They cool the hot air, revive the parched fields and the crops and destroy only that which is harmful to the earth. When you get the old man, he told the girl that as often as spring returned she must think of him and show that she was grateful by giving him a little smoke. He then took leave of her and sent her home, where her family had mourned her as one dead. Since then no Indian has ever feared thunder. "I said, 'But how about the lightning?' 'Oh,' said the old woman, 'lightning is grandfather's wife.'"

At Jackson, in the White mountains, I met Louis Mitchell, for many years the Indian member of the Maine legislature, a Passamaquoddy, and asked him about this story. He said it was perfectly true, although the custom was now falling into disuse; only the old people kept it up. The tobacco is cast upon the fire in a ring and draws the electricity, which plays about it in a beautiful blue circle of flickering flames. He added that it is a well known fact that no Indian and no Indian property were ever injured by lightning—Miss Abby L. Alger in Popular Science Monthly.

The Bear and the One Eyed Man.

The following story was related by a Dacotian man of the name of Ghahib Shah, residing at a village near Aghor, called Parbehing. He was one night looking out whether any bear had come into his "tombah" fold. He saw that a bear was there, and that he with his paws alternately took a pawful of "tombah" and blew the chaff away and ate it. The man was blind of one eye and ran to his hut to get his gun. He came out and pointed it at the bear. The animal, who saw this, ran round the blind side of the man's face, snatched the gun out of his hand and threw it away.

The bear and the man then wrestled for a time, but after both gave up the struggle and retired. The man, after he had recovered himself, went to look for the gun, the stock of which he found broken. The matchstick by which the stock had been tied to the barrel had gone on burning all night and had been the cause of the gun being destroyed. The son of that man still lives at the village and tells that story, which the people affect to believe.—Dr. Lettner in Asiatic Quarterly.

Why Women Live Longer Than Men.

In the forty-ninth registration report of Massachusetts (1890) the compiler presents the statistics of 201 persons who were reported as having died during the 10 years (1881-90) at the age of 100 and over. Of this number 135, or 67.4 per cent, were females.

By the state census of 1885, the number of females living over 80 years of age was nearly double that of males. The greater exposure of men to accidents, to weather agencies, to the constant strain of business life, to the anxiety of providing for the family, all tend to shorten the life of men. The deaths by accident among men are more than threefold greater than among women, and men commit suicide in about a threefold ratio as compared with women.

—Boston Medical and Surgical Journal.

A Story About Colorado Bears.

The following story, the work of an imaginative correspondent, comes from Colorado: "Two hunters, coming to the edge of a glade, saw 65 bears in consultation. One was lying bound with grapevines, two were watching over him, and another was making a speech. Presently the big bear stopped talking, and all the 63 growled an assent. Some of the bears threw a grapevine loop about the erring bear's neck, led him to a limb, threw the vine over, and six big bears walked away with it. In 10 minutes the bear was dead, and the others went solemnly away. The hunters secured the lynched bearskin without a bullet hole in it by way of proof."

Not Enough Trees For All.

During the late war a regiment of volunteers was posted along the front in heavy timber. As soon as the firing began in earnest, a recruit limped off to the rear, but soon struck a gait that would have made Maud S. tremble for her record. He was halted in his flight, and when asked what was the matter said, "I just couldn't stand out there in the open all by myself." He was then asked why he did not get behind a tree. He was puzzled a moment, and then said, "There ain't only enough for the officers."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Coral Fishing In Sardinia.

Coral fishing is gradually decaying in the island of Sardinia. That fact is attributed by some to the exhaustion of the old coral reefs, while others say that it is due to the competition in the market by the selling of coral of inferior quality, fished in enormous quantities on the coast of Sicily and sold at an extremely low price.—St. Louis Republic.

Gout, the smallest separate and independent territory in the world, is situated in the lower Pyrenees, about 10 miles from Oleron, between the boundaries of France and Spain. The people speak a language of their own, a cross between French and Spanish.

WE OFFER TO CLOSE OUT THIS DEPARTMENT OF OUR BUSINESS.

OUR STOCK OF TUBULAR AND LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, from 6 to 50-horse power, HORIZONTAL CENTRE CRANK

Detached or mounted on boiler, from 4 to 12-horse power.

These Engines and Boilers are new, of our standard designs, that are well known.

We also offer a lot of PULLEYS, CRANKS, SHAFTS, etc., rough and finished. Any of these can be bought very low.

Richmond Locomotive & Machine Works

Pay More and Get Less.

It is one of the anomalies of modern hotel life that the more you pay the less you expect in return. In the huge caravansaries of the large American cities, where a man pays \$75 a week for a room without board, he never thinks of asking any service of the employees without paying liberally for it. He is charged for a fire, for a light after midnight, for the use of the telephone, for sending a man by an office boy, for taking lunch in his room, for corkage on his own wines and must tip the waiters. In a country hotel, where he pays \$5 a week, with board, he can have a fire in his room when he wants it, he can trust the landlord to send letters and messages, he can smoke all over the house, he can borrow anything from a gun to a pair of trousers, he can get the landlady to mend his torn coat, he can call for breakfast at 5 o'clock in the morning and get it, and he has to tip nobody.—New York Times.

Advice From the Gallery.

The stage has furnished many amusing anecdotes and has in many instances served to bring out the latest humor of the masses. One of these, told of the actor Tallade, illustrates the aptness of the gallery god in the hour of need. It seems that Tallade was acting in some forgotten piece with an abnormally ponderous actress, Miss Suzanne Lagris by name, whom he was supposed in one of the scenes to carry off half fainting on his back. But his arms were too short to embrace the well developed figure of Miss Lagris, noting which one of the "gods," taking pity on the superhuman effort of his favorite actor, shouted out, "Make two journeys of it!"—Harper's Bazar.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MECCA AS A SHRINE OF CHOLERA.

An Awful Picture of Asiatic Filth and Ricketless Fanaticism.

From 70,000 to 100,000 seems to be the ordinary average number of those who visit Mecca during the festival and who are present at Mount Arafat on the 9th of Zul' Hijjah. They come from every quarter of the compass—inland by caravan from Syria and Persia, Turkey and Afghanistan; by sea from Red Sea ports, from Africa, across the whole width of which many of the weary pilgrims have walked, and from every part of the world where the standard of Islam has been raised.

With no provision for decency or comfort they camp around or crowd into lodgings in the sacred city. They make excursions, clamber up the mountains, spend hours in the blazing sun, are sickened with rotting smells arising from the thousands of animals which are sacrificed, crush and stifle in the Ka'ba, and finally, as they had not already run sufficient risk of catching every possible complaint, they drink the water of Zem Zem.

This is the well from which Hagar is said to have drawn water for her son Ishmael, and the drinking of the water is as much a rite. The supply, however, is not as great as could be desired for so large a crowd of pilgrims, and the manner of dealing with it at the well goes far to place the intensity of the poison and the fearful mortality which attends any outbreak of cholera among the Meccan pilgrims.

At a given period the pilgrims stand naked in turn at the place appointed. A bucket of water is poured over each man. He drinks what he can get of it, and the rest falls back into the holy well. The water from this well has been analyzed by Dr. Frankland, F. R. S., of the Royal College of Science, London, who describes it as fearfully polluted with abominable contaminations. Imagine, then, one single member of this enormous crowd suffering from the early stage of cholera—to be struggling, as struggle he would with his last strength, to get through the holy rite and to allowing the choleraic discharges with which his body would be soiled to be washed back into this holy well!

What is to happen to the crowd of pilgrims who close in on the spot that he has left, and who each in turn swallow in rapt fervor the fetid draft in which these thousands have been washed? Can we wonder, then, knowing the history of the Broad street pump, that in 1859, within a few days of the ceremony, the road leading from Mecca for 12 miles thickly strewn with dead bodies—a holocaust to be added to the account of protracted religious rites which has already so deadly a record?—Dr. Ernest Hart in Popular Science Monthly.

Excessive Ignorance.

For one to be ignorant of the proper use of a novelty is nothing to be ashamed of. If you are ignorant, you are just a trifle off-fashioned—a season behind time. Frank innocence and tact will save a situation from awkwardness, and sometimes the resort to them is thought attractive. If you are uncertain of a new, strange piece of silver, wait and watch your neighbor or your hostess and act accordingly. Local customs and usages, even in this tangled web of people and products, make certain ignorance or innocence very possible. A southerner could not be blamed for not knowing which end of the stalk of asparagus to eat because it is not a vegetable of his latitude. In exchange a northerner could not understand the burrartichoke, and in being ignorant he would be above reproach.

There is a certain sign language that obtains between host and guest, and between the host and the guest, and it is the meaning every well bred child learns in the nursery. In the wonderful ups and downs in our country the person who sits today at the finest appointed table may never have had the advantages of a nursery nor of a mother who knew what civilization supplies to the top ladder people. Such a person is in a kind of helpless ignorance, and how to enlighten him is the conundrum of many.—"Her Point of View."

The Algerian Donkey.

The donkey in Algeria rarely has a saddle. He has a pad very similar to the pad on which the leopards and queens of the savannah dance their short hot to delighted boys and rustics. The pad has no stirrups and is so wide as to make a seat on it extremely trying to the uninitiated. The Arab sits astride or sideways, and as the pad is rarely girthed, or at best by a slender rope, it is like walking a tight rope or managing a birch cane to sit on it until you "catch on." Between this pad, which serves equally for leading or riding, and the saddle of the Spaniard there is a vast category of sizes and styles, all, however, much too wide. A pair of stirrups is often improvised by tying two bags together, putting them across the pad, turning in one corner and thrusting the foot into the pocket thus made. The flimsy pretext for saddle or harness used all over the east would be cast on the dump by the poorest American farmer. He would not risk his bones with it.—Colonel T. A. Dodge in Harper's.

Pay More and Get Less.

It is one of the anomalies of modern hotel life that the more you pay the less you expect in return. In the huge caravansaries of the large American cities, where a man pays \$75 a week for a room without board, he never thinks of asking any service of the employees without paying liberally for it. He is charged for a fire, for a light after midnight, for the use of the telephone, for sending a man by an office boy, for taking lunch in his room, for corkage on his own wines and must tip the waiters. In a country hotel, where he pays \$5 a week, with board, he can have a fire in his room when he wants it, he can trust the landlord to send letters and messages, he can smoke all over the house, he can borrow anything from a gun to a pair of trousers, he can get the landlady to mend his torn coat, he can call for breakfast at 5 o'clock in the morning and get it, and he has to tip nobody.—New York Times.

In Russian Shops.

The common people of Russia as a rule speak only their own tongue. A large proportion of them cannot read the bewildering characters—Roman, Greek and composite—which form their alphabet, and to help their ignorance the shop walls are covered over with rudely painted pictures of articles for sale within. The butcher's shop has a picture of meats of all sorts and shapes; the tailor's walls are covered with paintings of coats and trousers. The pills of the apothecary and the vegetables of the green grocer are advertised by pictures upon the doors and windows of their stores.—New York Evening Sun.

In the Wrong Place.

Female Beggar—Can't you, kind sir, help a poor woman with four children and a husband who can't get out? Mr. Knicker—What has your husband, my good woman? Why can't he go out? "He is on Blackwell's island."

"Humph! He should have gone to Sing Sing. Then he could have got out."—Texas Siftings.

The custom at the funeral of a warrior of leading his riderless horse before the bier is of medieval origin. In the old days a horse so led became the property of the church.

What an astonishing thing in its effects is temperature! On the earth iron is solid; in the sun it is a vapor. Temperature makes the difference.

INSURANCE STATEMENT.

ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1892, OF THE COV. BOSTON, ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, MADE TO THE COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PURSUANCE OF THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA.

President—RANKIN B. FILLER. Vice-Presidents—HARRIS, FULLER and CHARLES A. FULLER. Secretary—THOMAS H. LORD. Treasurer—J. B. FULLER. General Agent in Virginia—THOMAS H. ALFRIEND. Resident—RICHMOND. Organized or Incorporated—DECEMBER 31, 1872. Commenced Business—JANUARY 2, 1874.

II. CAPITAL.

Amount of capital stock subscribed..... \$1,000,000.00
Amount of capital stock actually paid up in cash..... 1,000,000.00

III. ASSETS.

Value of real estate owned by the company..... \$1,700.00
Loans on mortgage duly recorded and being the first liens on the fee simple, which not more than one year's interest is due..... 687,073.00
Interest due on all real mortgages..... 1,036.00
Value of lands mortgaged, exclusive of buildings and other improvements..... 1,013.00
Value of the buildings mortgaged insured for \$392,000 as collateral..... \$1,618,000.00
Total value of said mortgaged premises (excluding inside).....

ACCOUNT OF BONDS OF THE UNITED STATES, AND OF OTHER STATES, AND OF BONDS OF INCORPORATED CITIES IN THIS STATE, AND OF ALL OTHER BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY.

Total value of said mortgaged premises (carried inside....)

ACCOUNT OF BONDS OF THE UNITED STATES, AND OF THIS STATE AND OF OTHER STATES,
AND ALSO OF BONDS OF CORPORATIONS OF THIS STATE, AND OF ALL OTHER
BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY.

	Par Value.	Market Value.
City of Boston 5 per cent Bonds.....	75,000.00	\$75,000.00
City of Boston 4 per cent Bonds.....	125,000.00	125,172.00
City of Bangor 4 per cent Bonds.....	10,000.00	10,175.00
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Co. 4 per cent Bonds.....	7,000.00	6,545.00
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Co. 3 per cent Bonds.....	50,000.00	51,125.00
Oregon Short Line Ry. Co 5 per cent Bonds.....	10,000.00	10,150.00
Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis R. R. Co. 5 per cent Bonds.....	5,000.00	5,075.00
Fitchburg R. R. Co. 5 per cent Bonds.....	25,000.00	27,500.00
Wisconsin Central R. R. Co. 5 per cent Bonds.....	30,000.00	31,000.00
Union Pacific, Lincoln and Colorado R. R. Co. 5 per cent Bonds.....	25,000.00	25,500.00
Atchafalpa, Topeka and Santa Fe R. R. Co. 4 per cent Bonds.....	75,000.00	61,125.00
Atchafalpa, Topeka and Santa Fe R. R. Co. 3 per cent Bonds.....	50,000.00	36,575.00
Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City R. R. Co. 4 per cent Bonds.....	20,000.00	19,000.00
Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City R. R. Co. 3 per cent Bonds.....	20,000.00	19,000.00
City of Fall River 3 per cent Bonds.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
City of Fall River 4 per cent Bonds.....	25,000.00	26,275.00
West Shore R. R. Co. 4 per cent Bonds.....	25,000.00	25,000.00
Boston and Lowell R. R. Co. Bonds.....	25,000.00	25,000.00
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Co. Stocks.....	5,000.00	4,750.00
Iron Railway Co. Stocks.....	29,700.00	14,575.00
Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City R. R. Stocks.....	20,000.00	20,000.00
Manchester, Niles Stocks.....	20,000.00	20,000.00
Brookline Gas Light Co. Stocks.....	20,000.00	20,100.00
Boston and Albany R. R. Stocks.....	20,000.00	41,000.00
Boston and Lowell R. R. Stocks.....	20,000.00	41,000.00
Fitchburg R. R. Co. Preferred Stocks.....	25,000.00	42,000.00
Fulham Palace Car Co. Stocks.....	15,000.00	19,000.00
Atlantic Coast Line Stocks.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Atlas Bank Stocks.....	10,000.00	10,110.00
Beverly Bank Stocks.....	15,000.00	18,830.00
Brookline Bank Stocks.....	10,000.00	12,900.00
Columbian Bank Stocks.....	12,000.00	12,900.00
Commercial Bank Stocks.....	10,000.00	9,840.00
Continental Bank Stocks.....	10,000.00	10,440.00
Laurel Bank Stocks.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
First Bank Stocks.....	25,000.00	27,750.00
First Bank, Salem Stocks.....	10,000.00	11,725.00
First Bank, Salem Stocks.....	10,000.00	11,000.00
Freemans Bank Stocks.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Globe Bank Stocks.....	15,000.00	15,000.00
Grand Bank, Marblehead, Stocks.....	5,000.00	9,000.00
Hamilton Bank Stocks.....	10,000.00	11,750.00
Hill and Leather.....	1,000.00	9,000.00
Howard Leather.....	10,000.00	9,000.00
Incoln Bank.....	16,000.00	37,075.00
Marblehead Bank, Salem.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Merchants Bank.....	10,000.00	14,000.00
Merchants Bank, Salem.....	5,000.00	6,000.00
North Bank, Salem.....	10,000.00	11,000.00
New England Bank.....	15,000.00	14,000.00
North Bank.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Old Boston Bank.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Railroad Bank, Lowell.....	5,000.00	6,500.00
Republic Bank.....	15,000.00	21,075.00
Seaside Bank.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Second Bank.....	20,000.00	28,000.00
State Bank.....	20,000.00	24,750.00
Suffolk Bank.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Tremont Bank.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Winthrop Bank.....	15,000.00	17,500.00